Recommendations: The Right to Housing

TRIPLE BENEFITS FOR GOVERNMENTS, INVESTORS, AND CITIZENS:

The actions below will help to expand access to adequate housing for all while cutting carbon emissions from buildings, reduce energy poverty and overall levels of inequality in urban areas, and create new opportunities for long-term investment in housing with reliable returns.



GOVERNMENT

- Follow the **UN Guidelines** on implementation of the right to adequate housing
- Protect against increased housing costs
 that can result from building retrofits
 and green building requirements, for
 example, through rent caps, tenant
 protections, requiring a proportion of
 genuinely affordable housing in mixed use
 developments, and tying retrofit loans to
 future energy savings
- Involve homelessness and housing rights organisations in the design and implementation of decarbonisation strategies
- Promote energy-efficiency retrofits by:
 - providing incentives for home owners through tax-deductions and subsidies
 - negotiating special pricing with energy companies for volume business, at neighbourhood or district scale
- Grow, finance, or establish public housing corporations, to increase public housing stock, have greater control of the housing market, and generate revenue from the large number of rental properties
- Consolidate multiple housing initiatives within a housing development investment programme, which can include, for example, opportunities to re-purpose existing and vacant buildings for affordable housing



FINANCE

- Follow the **UN Guidelines** on the implementation of the right to adequate housing
- Avoid "extractive" short term pressure for high returns from housing investments, focusing on long-term stable returns
- Support and invest in governmentfacilitated housing investment programmes to ensure housing affordability – generating long-term financial returns from a large number of low-priced rents rather than from a low number of buildings with highpriced rents
- Engage portfolio companies on housing strategies that maximise energy-efficiency while protecting affordability for tenants
- Invest according to local housing demands



- Incorporate at least a proportion of energy-efficient affordable housing within multi-use developments
- Where possible, apply energy performance contracting, to finance elements of the project or upgrade from energy-efficiency savings, or from the renewable energy produced